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Microeconomics
Unit 3 Practice Sheet

Part 1: Short-answer questions. Use the table to guide the questions.

Number of workers	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Total Product	0	0	20	24	28	30	28

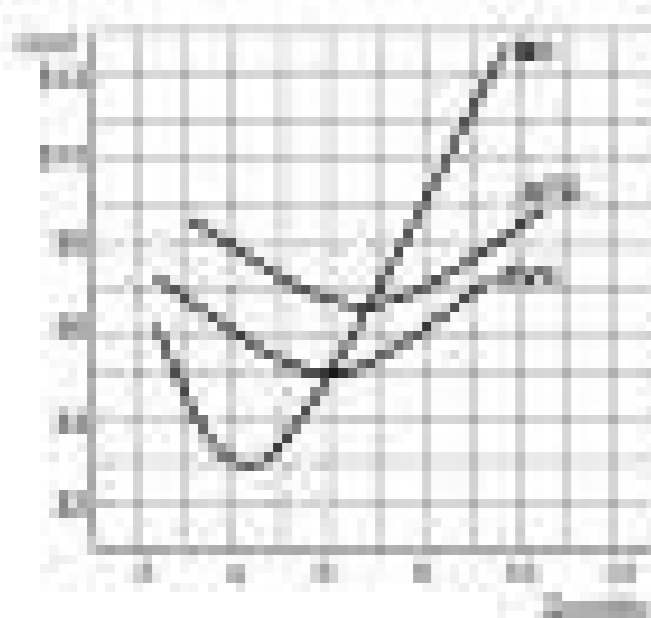
- What is the marginal product of the 4th worker? Show your work.
- What is the law of diminishing returns? Explain why it applies to the data above.

Part 2: Questions of

1. Why does the marginal cost curve eventually rise? Explain the relationship between marginal cost and average total cost.

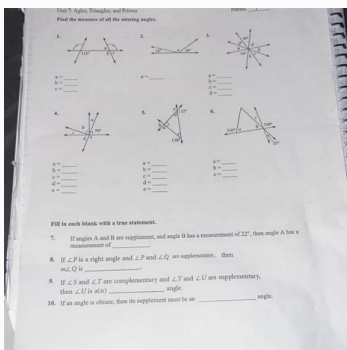
Quantity	Total Cost	Marginal Cost	Average Total Cost	Average Variable Cost	Average Fixed Cost
0	100	-	-	-	-
1	150	50	150	50	100
2	200	50	100	50	50
3	250	50	83.33	50	33.33
4	300	50	75	50	25
5	350	50	70	50	20
6	400	50	66.67	50	16.67
7	450	50	64.29	50	14.29

Part 3: Short-answer questions. Use the graph below to answer the questions. Show your work.



- What is the marginal cost of the 10th unit?
- Calculate the total cost of producing 10 units.
- Calculate the average total cost of producing 10 units.
- Calculate the average variable cost of producing 10 units.
- Calculate the average fixed cost of producing 10 units.
- Why does the marginal cost curve (MC) intersect the average total cost curve (ATC) at its minimum point?

What is the relationship between marginal cost and average total cost?



Unit Costs		
Total Costs	DM	CC
Costs incurred during the month	\$ 219,240	\$ 93,324
	\$ 219,240	\$ 93,324
Equivalent Units	156,600	155,540
Per unit cost	\$ 1.40	\$ 0.60
Total		\$ 2.00

Cost of Production Transferred to Finishing Department

Particulars	Amount
Opening WIP	\$ 15,370.00
(+) Cost on WIP during the period (2,900 * 0.6)	\$ 1,740.00
(+) Goods started and finished in the period (150,000 * [1.4 + 0.6])	\$ 300,000.00
	\$ 317,110.00

Cost of Endign WIP

Particulars	Units	Per unit Cost	Total
Materials	6,600	\$ 1.40	\$9,240.00
CC	2,640	\$ 0.60	\$1,584.00
			\$10,824.00



Number _____ Date _____

Unit 1

Directions: Answer the following questions using your own words.

- What is the difference between a good and a service?
 - Good: _____
 - Service: _____
- What is the difference between a tangible and an intangible good?
 - Tangible: _____
 - Intangible: _____
- What is the difference between a durable and a non-durable good?
 - Durable: _____
 - Non-durable: _____
- What is the difference between a free and a scarce resource?
 - Free: _____
 - Scarce: _____
- What is the difference between a public and a private good?
 - Public: _____
 - Private: _____
- What is the difference between a normal and an inferior good?
 - Normal: _____
 - Inferior: _____
- What is the difference between a complementary and a substitute good?
 - Complementary: _____
 - Substitute: _____

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Normative because it can be checked by, to propose the total disposable income that the family M @ dia consumes. By using this website, you do not agree to the use of cookies. 30. (C) P2. TESTS. (B) 100 units at a price of \$6.00. (B) P1. UNIT TEST #3 OBJECTIVES. In the above chart, the beginning of decreasing marginal returns occurs alÁ© m of (A) Point A. (D) \$350. (E) marginal cost and horizontal axis. I will earn long - term profits of (C) variable cost and overall cost. Allocation and productive efficiency are possible in which of the following unregulated market structures? 40. (D) Produce Q2 units and realize an economic profit. 33. Few enterprises (III. 49) At point d of the above value, the product A @dio of the work output A@ equals to .D) perfectly beautiful. Explain the long-term equilibrium point trend in perfect competition.Tag:microeconomics medium term practice test Question 1IncorrectTag 0.00 of 1.00Flag questionQuestion textThe following sentence is a good example of what kind of statement? (D) reduce its production. Explain the relationship between marginal cost and marginal product and marginal cost and stroke and ATC. Industry Supply Equilibrium PreCessation (A) Decrease Decrease Decrease (B) Decrease Increase (C) Increase Decrease (D) Increase Increase (E) Do not change Decrease MC COST/REVENUE QUANTITY MC ATC D 0 Q (continued) Firm S D IndEstrom Of MÁŠLTIPLA Choice P2 ATC AVC P1 P 0 Q1 Q2 Q3 Quantity Use the graph above for to ocurl sonem)B .E otnoP' JE .00.I \$ŠU dnamed dna yllpus-marC emaxe O ?setniuges sod lauw meulnic ozarp ognol e ozarp otruc on aserpme ad airoet e erbos sariedadreV sepaŠÁaralced .004 \$ŠU JE('Á odacrem ed saruturise siapicnirp ortiaq sa ertne saŠÁnerfid sa rasilana e ratsil .7oíl'Ápogilo ed airts'Ádni amu me saserpme sa aziretcarac roblem setniuges sod lauQ .3Q e 2P)D(.satirf satatab me rartemnoc es rop ratpo meved sÁlayoR so e .serereÁÁbmaH me rartemnoc es rop ratpo meved sÁrewerB so .setnesere sianigram sonroter JE(.2Q e 3P)C(.A)A(@Á omit'Á etnemaioc odaluger oŠÁerp o .laubitah odaluger oil'Aponom od ogiriba oÁ .52 a 22 satnugrep sa rednopser arap amica ocifjÁrg o eŠU dnamed RM CM .avilitepmoc etnemacitsiloponom airts'Ádni amu me euq od saserpme siam jÁH)B(aicn'Áicife ed aminÁm alacsE .8 \$ ŠU euq od roiam @Á lanigram atiecer)A(oEÁtne .8 \$ ŠU ed @Á odacrem ed oŠÁerp o es .avilitepmoc etnematefrep aserpme amu arap .32 .setnatnoc sonroter)D(.oŠÁerp ed otnemua)C(4P)E(3P)D(2P)C(1P)A .03 e 92 satnugrep s Á rednopser arap amica ocifjÁrg o eŠU ylno VI dna II JE(ylno VI dna I)D(ylno III)C(ylno II)B(ylno I)A(evititepmoc yllacitsiloponoM .I .E .lanigram atiecer ed avruc aus ed oxiaha es-artnocE .lanigram edadilita a riunimid ed)C(oipÁcniRP .artsoma ad ervil atospser .00,8 \$ŠU ed oŠÁerp oa sedadinu 001 ÁCÁ .4)B .61 ?) .aterrocn ofÁainjo amu aserpexe euqrop avitamroN A .: @Á rimusnoc arap lanigram ofÁsnerpov A . txeT namgurK scimonocoercaM PA tseT ecitcarP 3 tinUlmth.58375c .1 tset-ecitcarp-3-tinu-scimonocoercim/ofni/gro.1y5//:spth tset 3 tinu scimonocoercim pa:gaT... sedadivitA socifjÁrg .etnanimod aig@Átartse aus @Á atse euqrop eicnuna)B(.saserpme sa sabma airaicifeneb raicnuna arap ovisuloc odroca mu .levÁssop odatluser adac bos etnaruatser adac a sovitaler sorcul so e saserpme sad sievÁssop saig@Átartse sa artsuli amica otnemagap ed zirtam A .% 5-edadivitA ornI edadinU .III oil'Aponom orup .71 e 61 sepaŠteuq than a perfectly competitive company. Ease of entry and exit of companies II. @.@n-BR@ (B) ÁÁ----- elastic. D) They produce smaller quantities than the pure monopolists. According to the graph above, if the company is producing in Q, the company is (A) losing money because the company is operating at the shutdown point. [E] about 210 units at the price of about \$4.00. Done in the classroom during the unit and as quizzes. Perfectly competitive II. Positive because it can be objectively verified. The profit maximization price for this company is (C) P3. (B) losing money because the price does not cover the average fixed cost. 8. (E) increasing returns. (C) Produce Q1 units and earn a normal profit. Last (E) 0P3. Under the usual regulated monopoly, the price that allows fair return (where all costs are covered and includes a standard rate of return) is (A) A. (A) I only 3. 28. At what price will this perfectly competitive company make an economic profit? The opportunity cost of volunteering is:Select one: a. – (C) \$400. What happens to the price, profits and output of a monopolist if its fixed costs decrease? If all companies in an oligopoly could, at no cost, form an industry-wide cartel to jointly maximize profits, the demand curve faced by the cartel would be (A) less elastic than the industry's demand curve. The correct answer is: Positive because it does not express an opinionQuestion 2lncorrectCheck 0.00 of 1.00Flag questionQuestion textSuppose you make the decision to volunteer for an event at school for one hour this week. 29. \$18d. Acme and AAA are the two main companies in the sector. TEST. What price-quantity combination represents a long-term balance for this perfectly competitive company? Interdependence between enterprises Profits Production (A) Decrease Increase Decrease (B) Decrease Decrease Decrease (D) No change Increments No change) I (E) Decrease No change Increments (B) II p (C) III only (D) II and III only (E) I, II and III 208 Advanced Placement Economics esnepmocer a atneserper axiac adac me orem'Án oriemirp O(.amica otnemagap ed zirtam an sadad ofÁs saserpme sad sepaŠiced sad levÁssop ofÁŠaanibmoc adac ed setnatluser sorcul so .2 adartnE PA PM EDCBA CTARL sotudorp PT sotsuC VI e III ,II)E(SANEPA VI e III ,I)d(III e II)e(sanepa VI e II)c(sanepa II e I)d(sanepa III e II)b(sanepa III)c(sanepa II e I)a sanepa II)B .ofÁsivelet ed edadicilbup ed ahnappac amu razilaer eved es ridiced eved mu adaC .ocitsjÁleni etnematefrep A)a(.E)e(.2)B .%01 - edadinu ad satnugrep ed etocap .ribus @Á oid@Ám otudorp o ,oid@Ám otudorp o ,oid@Ám otudorp o ,oid@Ám otudorp o ,oid@Ám otudorp o ,adamed ed sedadicitasale setnerefid moc odroca ed setnerefid soŠÁerp setnicl soa marboc selE)c(.72 4Q)E(3Q)D(2Q)c(1Q)b(Q)A(?oEÁŠAudorp ed sievÁn setniuges sod lauw me rizudorp eved atsiloponom etse .orcul o razimixam arap .sianigram sotsuc so euq roiam @Á lanigram atiecer a edno odnatrepo)Átse avilitepmoc etnematefrep aserpme amu euq rimussa .P)a(oEÁres ofÁŠAudorp ed orcul ed levÁn on satsiloponom saxat sa euq oŠÁerp O .sonula sod ofÁŠÁaaliava 7ietrac ma ed ariedadreV @Á sepaŠÁamrifa setniuges sad lauQ .PGA)e(.1)almth.0200E 1 tset-ecitcarp-3-tinu-scimonocoercim/ofni/gro.1y5//:spth >> ziuQ aterroc atsposeR .knar %0 .oEÁŠAutnoM .P .7. adan rezaf oEÁn JE(.otnemacnrof od iel)B(.alacse ed sailmonoco)B(.051 \$)c(.B)b(.91 .ogoj etsen hsaN oirbÁliuq' o @Á lauC(.oŠÁerp uez ratnemua)a(eved avilitepmoc etnematefrep aserpme A. satsilopogilo sod sorcul so ratnemua edop oiulnoc O .atnugrep Á ednopser uo ofÁŠÁaralced a atelmpoc roblem euq ahlocse a euqifitned. 4p)D(4PCA)B(.009 \$)E(.2p 1p)C(.57.3)C. 6. B. oil'Aponom ed aserpme amu arap atiecer e otusc ed savruc sod amica ocifjÁrg on sadaesab ofÁs 82 e 72. 62 sepaŠteuQ .43 C)c(.1 .53 seifF e seregru'ÁdmaH satnugrep' artsoma ahlocE alpih'ÁM aimonocoercim 3 edadinU YN .kroY avon .aimonocE ed laniocaN ohlesnoC od laniocaN ohlesnoC - etnadutsE od sedadivitA etnadutsE etnadutsE :oEÁŠAacoloC ed adaŠAnava aimonocE ed aimonocoercim .93).rewerB Á@Á National Council on Economic Education, New York, N.Y. 205 UNIT 3 Microeconomics MULTIPLE-CHOICE SAMPLE QUESTIONS (continued) (A) produce Q units and earn an economic profit. A firmÁÁÁs short-run marginal cost curve will eventually increase because of (C) diseconomies of scale. (E) P4. Advanced Placement Economics Microeconomics: Student Activities Á@Á National Council on Economic Education, New York, N.Y. 203 UNIT 3 Microeconomics 5. (D) Point D. (A) I only (B) II only (C) III only (D) I and II only (E) I, II and III 38. II. III. (C) diseconomies of scale. P4 P3 P2 P1 P (E) P5. MULTIPLE-CHOICE SAMPLE QUESTIONS 9. 14. At least one input price is fixed in the short run. (A) P1. 43. Which of the following statements about a firmeÁÁÁs production function are true? Multiple Choice. This site uses cookies from Google to deliver its services and to analyze traffic. \$27e. (C) RoyaleÁÁÁs has a dominant strategy to concentrate on fries. (A) Q (B) Q1 (C) Q2 (D) Q3 (E) Q4 11. (D) AEP2. (C) The two firms are in a prisonerÁÁÁs dilemma game. Which of the following statements is true? Economics Review Free. You spend \$2 in bus fare in order to get to school and \$10 for lunch. If the average variable cost of producing five units of a product is \$100 and the average variable cost of producing six units is \$125, then the marginal cost of producing the sixth unit is (A) \$125. (C) Point C. (B) A cartel is a way for firms to earn more by playing their dominant strategies. Unit Review-10%. Based on the payoffs above, which of the following statements is true? A) larger is the marginal product curve and the total product curve are best explained by the (A) law of demand. AAA MULTIPLE-CHOICE Advertise DoneÁÁÁ: Advertise Advertise Acme: 150 AAA. 150 Acme: 400 AAA: eÁÁÁ100 Acme DoneÁÁÁt Advertise Acme: eÁÁÁ100 AAA: 400 Acme: 0 AAA: 0 (A) decide not to advertise because this is its dominant strategy. Decnavda e Tnip) e (d ThitI) d (ceop) b (a Tnlop) a (fi tuple and DNA EcIRP this tini from dnamed FO ytitatsale Ecirp EHT Á e Ć e n " Á @evrru DNIFF @evorgu Naht Reht Esunis Mass Email EthisOCOCT EASYEDROC Keses Taht Smrif Fo Nounilac this Letlic Nine) A () Deutitnoc (Snitaksee TNEDUS: Tiitacude Cnimoodcim Scimonocadi .057 \$) e (. 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ATC D Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Quantity 22. 210 Microeconomics of Advanced Placement Economics: Student Activities - National Council for Economic Education, New York, N.Y. (C) ADP3. A) 15. (e) no restaurant has a dominant strategy. The total revenue will be maximized when the price equals (a) runs p unit test P. 5%. (E) make normal profits because the cost will vary above the average. When the total product increases, the marginal product is increasing. (A) The two fast-food restaurants should choose to focus on French fries. B) the marginal product of Áe Á~ [tag: microeconomics]unit-3-practice-test_1_77abdf.htmltest: it will work in class the day before the test. (E) It lies above its marginal recipe curve. (E) The recipe má@ dia less than \$ 8. (D) The recipe má@ dia greater than \$ 8. 50) the most steep the slope of the total curve of the product, a. (A) Companies can easily enter the industry when profits are high. (D) p3. 37. (B) Brewer's has a dominant strategy for concentrating on hambNurgers. Independent pre - decision making leads to lower returns. According to the above chart, if the company is producing any quantity greater than Q2, the company is facing economies of scale. Since 1/3 of the tax is passed to the consumer, the supplier pays 2/3 of the tax. 21. Which of the following µs are true about a curve of demand of the pure monopolist? 36. (d) produce Q3 units and earn an economic profit. 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UNIT 3 Microeconomics MULTIPLE-CHOICE SAMPLE QUESTIONS (continued) B P5 C P4 COSTS/REVENUE COSTS/REVENUE A MC ATC D P3 E P2 F P1 P Q MR Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 QUANTITY G (A) P5 and Q. (C) more economic profit than a monopoly. If the firm is in short-run equilibrium at a price of P4, a perfectly competitive firm will maximize profits by producing at which of the following levels of output? (D) lose money. (C) \$250. (D) diminishing marginal returns. (D)150 units at a price of about \$5.00. (B) decrease its price. (E) A cartel sets price and output of its members in the same way that a price discriminating monopolist would. (D) \$300. Oligopolistic firms are interdependent. (B) They earn a smaller profit than those who do not practice price discrimination. (D) decrease price. Sample Multiple Choice. If AAA advertises, Acme will 41. 25. (B) marginal cost and average total cost. If you went to work, you would have been able to walk to your job, and lunch would have been provided to you by the office. (D) least-cost rule. \$17 lncorrect. 10. D) 4. Consumer surplus for this profit-maximizing monopolist will be represented by area (A) ABP5. Characteristics of an oligopolistic market include which of the following? (D) D. increasing if the marginal propensity to save is increasing. Positive because it does not express an opinion. (C) produce Q2 units and earn an economic profit. Profit.

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